

Package: nodbi (via r-universe)

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Title 'NoSQL' Database Connector

Description Simplified JSON document database access and manipulation, providing a common API across supported 'NoSQL' databases 'Elasticsearch', 'CouchDB', 'MongoDB' as well as 'SQLite/JSON1', 'PostgreSQL', and 'DuckDB'.

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LazyData true

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<https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi>

BugReports <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi/issues>

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contacts

Data set 'contacts'

Description

Data set 'contacts'

Usage

contacts

Format

A JSON string with ragged, nested contact details

diamonds	<i>Data set 'diamonds'</i>
----------	----------------------------

Description

Data set 'diamonds'

Format

A data frame with 53940 rows and 10 variables:

- price price in US dollars (326-18,823 USD)
- carat weight of the diamond (0.2-5.01)
- cut quality of the cut (Fair, Good, Very Good, Premium, Ideal)
- color diamond colour, from J (worst) to D (best)
- clarity a measurement of how clear the diamond is (I1 (worst), SI1, SI2, VS1, VS2, VVS1, VVS2, IF (best))
- x length in mm (0-10.74)
- y width in mm (0-58.9)
- z depth in mm (0-31.8)
- depth total depth percentage = $z / \text{mean}(x, y) = 2 * z / (x + y)$ (43-79)
- table width of top of diamond relative to widest point (43-95)

Source

from **ggplot2**

docdb_create	<i>Create documents in a database</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

Description

A message is emitted if the container key already exists.

Usage

```
docdb_create(src, key, value, ...)
```

Arguments

src	Source object, result of call to any of functions <code>src_mongo()</code> , <code>src_sqlite()</code> , <code>src_elastic()</code> , <code>src_couchdb()</code> , <code>src_duckdb()</code> or <code>src_postgres()</code>
key	(character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL)
value	The data to be created in the database: a single data.frame, a JSON string, a list, or a file name or URL that points to NDJSON documents
...	Passed to functions <code>sofa::db_bulk_create()</code> , <code>elastic::docs_bulk()</code> , and <code>mongolite::mongo()\$insert()</code>

Details

An error is raised for document(s) in value when their `_id` already exist(s) in the collection key; use `docdb_update()` to update such document(s).

Value

(integer) Number of successfully created documents

Identifiers

If value is a data.frame that has a column `_id`, or is a JSON string having a key `_id` at root level, or is a list having an item `_id` at its top level, this will be used as `_id`'s and primary index in the database. If there are no such `_id`'s in value, row names (if any exist) of value will be used as `_id`'s, otherwise random `_id`'s will be created (using `uuid::UUIDgenerate()` with `use.time = TRUE` for SQLite and PostgreSQL, or using DuckDB's built-in `uuid()`).

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_create(src,
  key = "diamonds_small",
  value = as.data.frame(diamonds[1:3000L, ])
)
head(docdb_get(src, "diamonds_small"))
docdb_create(src, key = "contacts", value = contacts)
docdb_get(src, "contacts")[["friends"]]

## End(Not run)
```

docdb_delete	<i>Delete documents or container</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Delete documents or container

Usage

```
docdb_delete(src, key, ...)
```

Arguments

src	Source object, result of call to any of functions src_mongo() , src_sqlite() , src_elastic() , src_couchdb() src_duckdb() or src_postgres()
key	(character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL)
...	Optionally, specify query parameter with a JSON string as per docdb_query() to identify documents to be deleted. If not specified (default), deletes the container key.

Value

(logical) Success of operation. Typically TRUE if document(s) or collection existed, and FALSE if document(s) did not exist, or collection did not exist, or delete was not successful.

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_create(src, "iris", iris)
docdb_delete(src, "iris", query = '{"Species": {"$regex": "a$"}}')
docdb_delete(src, "iris")

## End(Not run)
```

docdb_exists	<i>Check if container exists in database</i>
--------------	--

Description

Check if container exists in database

Usage

```
docdb_exists(src, key, ...)
```

Arguments

src	Source object, result of call to any of functions <code>src_mongo()</code> , <code>src_sqlite()</code> , <code>src_elastic()</code> , <code>src_couchdb()</code> <code>src_duckdb()</code> or <code>src_postgres()</code>
key	(character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL)
...	Passed to functions <code>DBI::dbListTables()</code> , <code>elastic::index_exists()</code> , and <code>sofa::db_info()</code>

Value

(logical) TRUE or FALSE to indicate existence of container key in database. Note this does not indicate if the container holds any documents.

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_exists(src, "nonexistingcontainer")
docdb_create(src, "mtcars", mtcars)
docdb_exists(src, "mtcars")

## End(Not run)
```

code docdb_get

Get all documents from container in database

Description

Get all documents from container in database

Usage

```
docdb_get(src, key, limit = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

src	Source object, result of call to any of functions <code>src_mongo()</code> , <code>src_sqlite()</code> , <code>src_elastic()</code> , <code>src_couchdb()</code> <code>src_duckdb()</code> or <code>src_postgres()</code>
key	(character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL)
limit	(integer) Maximum number of documents to be returned. If NULL or not set (default), 10,000 for Elasticsearch and all documents for MongoDB, SQLite, CouchDB, PostgreSQL, and DuckDB.

```
... Passed on to functions:
  • MongoDB: find() in mongolite::mongo()
  • SQLite: ignored
  • Elasticsearch: elastic::Search()
  • CouchDB: sofa::db_alldocs()
  • PostgreSQL: ignored
  • DuckDB: ignored
```

Value

Data frame, one document per row

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_create(src, "mtcars", mtcars)
docdb_get(src, "mtcars", limit = 10L)

## End(Not run)
```

docdb_list	<i>List containers in database</i>
------------	------------------------------------

Description

List containers in database

Usage

```
docdb_list(src, ...)
```

Arguments

```
src Source object, result of call to any of functions src_mongo(), src_sqlite(),
src_elastic(), src_couchdb() src_duckdb() or src_postgres()

... Passed to function DBI::dbListTables()
```

Value

Vector of names of containers that can be used as parameter key with other functions such as `docdb_create()`.

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_create(src, "iris", iris)
docdb_list(src)

## End(Not run)
```

docdb_query

Get documents or parts with filtering query

Description

Complements the databases' native query and filtering functions by using `jqr::jqr()`. If `query = "{}"` and neither `fields` nor `listfields` is specified, runs `docdb_get()`.

Usage

```
docdb_query(src, key, query, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-------|--|
| src | Source object, result of call to any of functions <code>src_mongo()</code> , <code>src_sqlite()</code> , <code>src_elastic()</code> , <code>src_couchdb()</code> , <code>src_duckdb()</code> or <code>src_postgres()</code> |
| key | (character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL) |
| query | (character) A JSON query string, see examples. Can use comparisons / tests (<code>\$lt</code> , <code>\$lte</code> , <code>\$gt</code> , <code>\$gte</code> , <code>\$ne</code> , <code>\$in</code> , <code>\$regex</code>), with logic operators (<code>\$and</code> , <code>\$or</code> , <code>(</code> , <code>)</code>), including nested queries, see examples. <code>\$regex</code> is case-sensitive. Note that the query should target a field that holds a scalar or an array of scalars, not more complex objects. |
| ... | Optional parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specify <code>fields</code> as a JSON string of fields to be returned from anywhere in the tree, or to be excluded from being returned, e.g. <code>fields = '{"nameOfMy.SubFieldToInclude": 1, "_id": 0}'</code> and see examples. If <code>fields</code> is not specified, the complete JSON document is returned. For <code>src_postgres()</code>, only fewer than 50 fields can be requested to be returned by the function. • Specify <code>limit</code> (integer) for the maximum number of documents to be returned. If NULL or not set (default), 10,000 for Elasticsearch and all documents for MongoDB, SQLite, CouchDB, PostgreSQL, and DuckDB. • Specify <code>listfields = TRUE</code> to return just the names of all fields, from all documents or from the maximum number of documents as specified in <code>limit</code>. |

Value

Data frame with requested documents, one per row, may have nested lists in columns; NULL if no documents could be found. If `listfields` is specified: vector of all field names in dot path notation.

Note

A dot in query or `fields` is interpreted as a dot path, pointing to a field nested within another, e.g. `friends.id` in the example.

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()

docdb_create(src, "myKey", mtcars)
docdb_create(src, "myKey", contacts)
docdb_create(src, "myKey", mapdata)

docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"mpg":21}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"mpg":21, "gear": {"$lte": 4}}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"mpg":21}', fields = '{"_id":0, "mpg":1, "cyl":1}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"_id": {"$regex": "^.+0.*$"}}', fields = '{"gear":1}')

docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"$and": [{"mpg": {"$lte": 18}}, {"gear": {"$gt": 3}}]}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{}', fields = '{"_id":0, "mpg":1, "cyl":1}')

docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"$and": [{"age": {"$gt": 21}},
{"friends.name": {"$regex": "^B[a-z]{3,9}.*$"}}]}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"$or": [{"rows.elements.status": "OK"}, {"$and": [
{"_id": "5cd6785325ce3a94dfc54096"}, {"friends.name": {"$regex": "^B[a-z]{3,90}.*$"}}]}]}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"$and": [{"_id": "5cd6785325ce3a94dfc54096"},
{"friends.name": {"$regex": "^B[a-z]{3,90}.*$"}}]}')
docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"origin_addresses": {"$in": ["Santa Barbara, CA, USA",
"New York, NY, USA"]}}', fields = '{"age": 1, "friends.id": 1, "_id": 0,
"rows.elements.status": 1}')

docdb_query(src, "myKey", query = '{"rows.elements.status": "OK"}', listfields = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

docdb_update

Update documents

Description

Documents are updated by patching their JSON with value. Documents are identified by a query or by `_id`'s in value, where the latter takes precedence. value can have multiple documents (with `_id`'s), which then are iteratively updated.

Usage

```
docdb_update(src, key, value, query, ...)
```

Arguments

src	Source object, result of call to any of functions <code>src_mongo()</code> , <code>src_sqlite()</code> , <code>src_elastic()</code> , <code>src_couchdb()</code> <code>src_duckdb()</code> or <code>src_postgres()</code>
key	(character) The name of the container in the database backend (corresponds to collection for MongoDB, dbname for CouchDB, index for Elasticsearch, and to a table name for DuckDB, SQLite and PostgreSQL)
value	The data to be created in the database: a single data.frame, a JSON string, a list, or a file name or URL that points to NDJSON documents
query	(character) A JSON query string, see examples. Can use comparisons / tests (<code>\$lt</code> , <code>\$lte</code> , <code>\$gt</code> , <code>\$gte</code> , <code>\$ne</code> , <code>\$in</code> , <code>\$regex</code>), with logic operators (<code>\$and</code> , <code>\$or</code> , <code>(</code> , <code>)</code>), including nested queries, see examples. Specify as <code>'{ }'</code> if value includes <code>_id</code> 's.
...	Passed on to functions <code>elastic::docs_bulk_update()</code> , and <code>mongolite::mongo()\$update()</code> .

Details

Uses native functions in MongoDB (`mongolite::mongo()$update()`), SQLite (`jsonb_update()`), DuckDB (`jsonb_merge_patch()`), Elasticsearch (`elastic::docs_bulk_update()`); a `plpgsql` function added when calling `src_postgres()`, and a `jq` (`jq::jq()`) programme for CouchDB.

Value

(integer) Number of successfully updated documents

Examples

```
## Not run:
src <- src_sqlite()
docdb_create(src, "mtcars", mtcars)
docdb_update(src, "mtcars", value = mtcars[3, 4:5], query = '{"gear": 3}')
docdb_update(src, "mtcars", value = '{"carb":999}', query = '{"gear": 5}')
docdb_update(src, "mtcars", value = '{"_id":"Fiat 128", "carb":888}', query = '{}')
docdb_get(src, "mtcars")

## End(Not run)
```

mapdata	<i>Data set 'mapdata'</i>
---------	---------------------------

Description

Data set 'mapdata'

Usage

mapdata

Format

A JSON string with ragged, nested travel details

src	<i>Setup database connections</i>
-----	-----------------------------------

Description

There is a `src_*`() function to setup a connection to each of the database backends. The backends may have specific parameters in the respective function `src_*`(), but all other `nodbi` functions are independent of the backend (e.g., see `docdb_query()`).

Details

- MongoDB - [src_mongo\(\)](#)
- SQLite - [src_sqlite\(\)](#)
- Elasticsearch - [src_elastic\(\)](#)
- CouchDB - [src_couchdb\(\)](#)
- PostgreSQL - [src_postgres\(\)](#)
- DuckDB - [src_duckdb\(\)](#)

Documentation details for each database:

- MongoDB - <https://docs.mongodb.com/>
- SQLite/JSON1 - <https://www.sqlite.org/json1.html>
- Elasticsearch - <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index.html>
- CouchDB - <http://docs.couchdb.org/>
- PostgreSQL - <https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/functions-json.html>
- DuckDB - <https://duckdb.org/docs/extensions/json>

Documentation of R packages used by `nodbi` for the databases:

- mongolite - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=mongolite>
- RSQLite - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RSQLite>
- elastic - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=elastic>
- sofa - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=sofa>
- RPostgres - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RPostgres>
- duckdb - <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=duckdb>

 src_couchdb

Setup a CouchDB database connection

Description

Setup a CouchDB database connection

Usage

```
src_couchdb(
  host = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 5984,
  path = NULL,
  transport = "http",
  user = NULL,
  pwd = NULL,
  headers = NULL
)
```

Arguments

host	(character) host value, default: 127.0.0.1
port	(integer/numeric) Port. Remember that if you don't want a port set, set this parameter to NULL. Default: 5984
path	(character) context path that is appended to the end of the url, e.g., bar in http://foo.com/bar . Default: NULL, ignored
transport	(character) http or https. Default: http
user	(character) Username, if any
pwd	(character) Password, if any
headers	(list) list of named headers

Details

Uses **sofa** as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses a CouchDB database with JSON documents. If documents do not have root-level `_id`'s, UUID's are created as `_id`'s. Function `docdb_update()` uses `jqr::jqr()` to implement patching JSON. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>.

Value

A nodbi source object

Examples

```
## Not run:
con <- src_couchdb()
print(con)

## End(Not run)
```

src_duckdb	<i>Setup a DuckDB database connection</i>
------------	---

Description

Setup a DuckDB database connection

Usage

```
src_duckdb(drv = duckdb::duckdb(), dbdir = attr(drv, "dbdir"), ...)
```

Arguments

drv	Object returned by <code>duckdb()</code>
dbdir	Location for database files. Should be a path to an existing directory in the file system. With the default (or <code>""</code>), all data is kept in RAM.
...	Additional named parameters passed on to <code>DBI::dbConnect()</code>

Details

Uses `duckdb::duckdb()` as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses a DuckDB table, with columns `_id` and `json` created and used by package `nodbi`, applying SQL functions as per <https://duckdb.org/docs/extensions/json> to the `json` column. Each row in the table represents a JSON document. Any root-level `_id` is extracted from the document(s) and used for column `_id`, otherwise a UUID is created as `_id`. The table is indexed on `_id`. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>.

Value

A nodbi source object

Examples

```
## Not run:
con <- src_duckdb()
print(con)

## End(Not run)
```

 src_elastic

Setup an Elasticsearch database connection

Description

Setup an Elasticsearch database connection

Usage

```
src_elastic(
  host = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 9200,
  path = NULL,
  transport_schema = "http",
  user = NULL,
  pwd = NULL,
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

host	(character) the base url, defaults to localhost (http://127.0.0.1)
port	(character) port to connect to, defaults to 9200 (optional)
path	(character) context path that is appended to the end of the url. Default: NULL, ignored
transport_schema	(character) http or https. Default: http
user	(character) User name, if required for the connection. You can specify, but ignored for now.
pwd	(character) Password, if required for the connection. You can specify, but ignored for now.
force	(logical) Force re-load of connection details
...	Further args passed on to <code>elastic::connect()</code>

Details

Uses **elastic** as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses an Elasticsearch index, in which nodbi creates JSON documents. Any root-level `_id` is extracted from the document(s) and used as document ID `_id`, otherwise a UUID is created as document ID `_id`. Only lowercase is accepted for container names (in parameter key). Opensearch can equally be used. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>

Value

A nodbi source object

Examples

```
## Not run:
con <- src_elastic()
print(con)

## End(Not run)
```

src_mongo

Setup a MongoDB database connection

Description

Setup a MongoDB database connection

Usage

```
src_mongo(collection = "test", db = "test", url = "mongodb://localhost", ...)
```

Arguments

collection	(character) Name of collection
db	(character) Name of database
url	(character) Address of the MongoDB server in Mongo connection string URI format, see to mongolite::mongo()
...	Additional named parameters passed on to mongolite::mongo()

Details

Uses **monoglite** as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses a MongoDB collection, in which nodbi creates JSON documents. If documents do not have root-level `_id`'s, UUID's are created as `_id`'s. MongoDB but none of the other databases require to specify the container already in the `src_mongo()` function. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>

Value

A nodbi source object

Examples

```
## Not run:
con <- src_mongo()
print(con)

## End(Not run)
```

`src_postgres`*Setup a PostgreSQL database connection*

Description

Setup a PostgreSQL database connection

Usage

```
src_postgres(dbname = "test", host = "localhost", port = 5432L, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>dbname</code>	(character) name of database, has to exist to open a connection
<code>host</code>	(character) host of the database, see <code>RPostgres::Postgres()</code>
<code>port</code>	(integer) port of the database, see <code>RPostgres::Postgres()</code>
<code>...</code>	additional named parameters passed on to <code>RPostgres::Postgres()</code>

Details

Uses **RPostgres** as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses a PostgreSQL table, with columns `_id` and `json` created and used by package `nodbi`, applying SQL functions as per <https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/functions-json.html> to the `json` column. Each row in the table represents a JSON document. Any root-level `_id` is extracted from the document(s) and used for column `_id`, otherwise a UUID is created as `_id`. The table is indexed on `_id`. A custom `plpgsql` function `jsonb_merge_patch()` is used for `docdb_update()`. The order of variables in data frames returned by `docdb_get()` and `docdb_query()` can differ from their order the input to `docdb_create()`. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>

Value

A `nodbi` source object

Examples

```
## Not run:  
con <- src_postgres()  
print(con)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`src_sqlite`*Setup a RSQLite database connection*

Description

Setup a RSQLite database connection

Usage

```
src_sqlite(dbname = ":memory:", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>dbname</code>	(character) name of database file, defaults to ":memory:" for an in-memory database, see <code>RSQLite::SQLite()</code>
<code>...</code>	additional named parameters passed on to <code>RSQLite::SQLite()</code>

Details

Uses **RSQLite** as backend. **nodbi** creates or uses an SQLite table, with columns `_id` and `json` created and used by package `nodbi`, applying SQL functions as per <https://www.sqlite.org/json1.html> to the `json` column. Each row in the table represents a JSON document. Any root-level `_id` is extracted from the document(s) and used for column `_id`, otherwise a UUID is created as `_id`. The table is indexed on `_id`. For a benchmark, see <https://github.com/ropensci/nodbi#benchmark>

Value

A `nodbi` source object

Examples

```
## Not run:  
con <- src_sqlite()  
print(con)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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